TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Be it known that we JOERG SCHLIEFFERS, a citizen of Germany, residing at 77 Main Street, Setauket, New York 11733, and GREGORY G. JONES, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at 22 Harbor Road, Sound Beach, New York 11789, have invented an improvement in

DATA ACQUISITION APPARATUS

of which the following is a

SPECIFICATION

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BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

The present invention relates to hand held devices for acquiring data, and particularly to optical code reading devices, for example, for reading bar codes on items in stores, warehouses and businesses. U.S. Patent 5,589,679 describes a hand held optical scanning device which is formed generally in the shape of a pistol having an upper surface provided with a data entry keypad and a display for displaying the identification of items scanned by the device to a user. Similar hand held scanners are disclosed in U.S. Patents 5,594,232 and 5,600,121, all of which are assigned to the assignee of this application.

In connection with hand held data acquisition devices, wherein the devices are provided with a keypad for manual data entry, the prior art pistol configuration can be slightly awkward to use as keypad operation tends to push the scanner body downward.

It is an object of the present invention to provide a hand-held data

acquisition device which has an improved ergonomic arrangement, whereby operation of a keypad thereon is firmly supported against the main portion of a user's hand to thereby provide a more stable support.

It is a further object of the invention to provide a data acquisition device with a convenient and protective resting arrangement.

<u>SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION</u>

In accordance with the present invention there is provided an optical scanning device having a body portion with a first distal end and having an optical scanning module oriented to scan objects in a direction which is outward from the distal end. A keypad and display are provided on the upper surface of the body portion. A handle is provided extending from a bottom surface of the body portion and joined to the body portion at a location near the distal end and at a selected angle which causes a proximal end of the bottom surface of the body portion to rest on a radial surface of a display are grasps the handle.

Preferably the scanning device and handle are contoured to comfortably conform to a users hand, such as, for example, by provision of a bulbous handle. The handle may include one or more trigger mechanisms. In a preferred arrangement the body portion includes a housing and a cover member jointed to the housing. A resilient seal is interposed between the housing and the cover and projects outwardly from the body portion to form a resilient ridge. In a preferred arrangement the ridge has a

portion that forms a rest stand.

For a better understanding of the present invention, together with other and further objects, reference is made to the following description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, and its scope will be pointed out in the appended claims.

PREFERRED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is an elevation view of a preferred embodiment of an optical scanning device in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 2 is a top view of the Figure 1 device.

Figure 3 is an partial cross-sectional view of the Figure 1 device.

Figure 4 is another optical cross-sectional view of the Figure 1 device.

Figure 5a is a top view of an alternate embodiment of the present

invention.

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Figure 5b is a top view of an alternate embodiment of the present invention illustrating the displayed information in horizontal configuration.

Figure 6 is an alternate embodiment of a handle of the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Referring to Figures 1 and 2, an optical scanning device 10 is provided with a body portion 12 and a handle portion 14. An optical scanning module 20 is provided at a first distal end of body portion 12 for scanning objects in a direction that is

outward from the distal end. It should be recognized that the optical scanning module may have a different location as long as it has an optical path outward from the distal end. Handle 14 extends from the bottom of body portion 12 near the distal end in a downward angular direction with respect to the body portion, as will be further described. Handle portion 14 may be joined to body portion 12 by conventional means or may be integrally molded with the bottom of body portion 12.

Scanning device 10 includes conventional components used in such devices, including the optical scanning module, a microcomputer for acquiring data and a power supply. Where the device is wireless, there may be provided a radio for sending data, such as inventory data, to a master station or to a nearby cash register, such as a discount of the action of the action

seen in the top view of Figure 2. Keypad 22 is useful in entering numeric data and/or

information about scanned labels to the operator, and may also be useful in connection

desired function codes in a manner well known in the art. Display 24 may display

with providing operational or other information to the operator. As compared with the conventional placement of the display, the present invention positions the display closer to the operator. Thus, there is an increase in the viewing angle formed by the intersection of the plain of the display surface and the operator's line of sight. The increase in the viewing angle improves the visibility of the displayed information. In an alternate embodiment, (Fig. 5a and 5b) the display is a touch sensitive data entry display 40. The display is increased in size to include a layer area of the top surface, and the majority of the keys can be eliminated. In such an embodiment, the display is rectangular in shape and has a vertical and horizontal configuration. The display may be switched between such configuration to adapt to a user's preference. In addition, the beginning to the display of the configuration (Fig. 5b) can be further configured for left-hand and right-hand is so as to be adapted for a wider range of users.

Scanning module 20 is of a conventional type known in the art, for example, as described in the above referenced U.S. patents owned by the assignee of the present application. In a battery operated configuration, handle 14 may include a connector at the lower end thereof, to be received in a cradle in which the battery of scanner 10 can be recharged. When in a cradle, scanner 10 may be used for hands-free scanning. The cradle may also be equipped to provide read-out of acquired data through infrared communication ports or other form of communication ports.

One feature of the preferred embodiment shown in Figure 1 is the arrangement of handle 14 near the distal end of body 12 having outwardly facing scanner

module 20. When scanning device 10 is held in an operator's hand as shown in Figure 1, the handle arrangement causes the proximal end of body portion 12 to extend over the radial surface 21 of the users hand 23, such that the lower surface of body portion 12 rests on and is supported by the radial hand surface 21. In this arrangement, the weight of body portion 12 is easily supported by the user during operation of the scanning device. Fig. 6 shows an alternate embodiment of the handle which is made to conform to a user's hand. When the user enters data by operating keypad 22 the body portion 12 is firmly supported by the radial hand surface 21 against the force of key strokes, avoiding a tendency to exert unsupported force on the handle grip of the user which would require a greater gripping force. Keypad 22 and display 24 are arranged for easy access to the user and easy viewing when the scanning device is held in the hand.

As is known for such scanning devices, handle 14 includes trigger button 26 which may be a two-finger trigger and provide multiple functions, such as read only or read and store, and/or scroll menu utility.

Another feature of the preferred embodiment of the invention is the provision of a rubber or other resilient gasket 31 between lower body member 16 and cover 18. As shown in the drawings, particularly Figures 2 and 3, resilient sealing member 31 extends a distance beyond the lower body 16 and cover 18 around almost the entire periphery of body portion 12. The extension of sealing member 30 provides two advantageous functions. First, the extended resilient member provides an additional bumping surface which can serve to protect the user's hand from injury, and also protect

the scanner device from damage in the event it is accidentally bumped into or rubbed against shelves, walls or other objects during use. Secondly, the resilient extensions of member 30 as well as the remaining portions of the resilient gasket 31 in the side directions provides a non-slip resting member for the scanning device, when it is laid down on its side to temporarily free the user's hands for other tasks. The resilient nature of the sealing member 30 gives resistance to sliding off a resting surface that is not completely horizontal.

An additional feature of the preferred embodiment shown in Figures 1 and 2 is that the forward edge 34 of resilient member 30 forms a resting stand, for example by being configured either as a linear edge as shown in Fig. 2, or as a multi-point stand.

This enables the scanner device 10 to be conveniently rested against a flat horizontal surface in a stable position. The place of a resting surface is shown by the dotted line 38 of Figure 1. The resting configuration may be further improved by providing a ridge 32 of the lower end of handle 14, which may also include a linear surface 36, shown in Figure 4 for providing a stable rest configuration. Ridge 32 may also be part of a resilient gasket between portions of the handle. Ridge 32 may be extended sideways, as shown in Figure 4, to provide greater stability as a stand and a resting ridge for handle 14 in the event the scanning device is laid on its side resting on sealing member 30.

While there have been described what are believed to be the preferred embodiments of the present invention, those skilled in the art will recognize that other and further changes may be made thereto without departing from the spirit of the

invention, and it is intended to claim all such changes and modifications as fall within the scope of the invention.